

RECUPERO LINGUA INGLESE

CLASSE 2LOMU FP

Nelle seguenti pagine troverai alcune tabelle e degli esercizi di ripasso inerenti ad alcuni degli argomenti svolti durante l'anno formativo 2019-2020. Esercitati durante le vacanze rafforzare le tue conoscenze.

I macro argomenti sono:

- 1) PAST SIMPLE DEL VERBO "TO BE"
- 2) LISTA PARADIGMI VERBI IRREGOLARI
- 3) PAST SIMPLE DI VERBI REGOLARI
- 4) PAST SIMPLE DI VERBI IRREGOLARI

1. PAST SIMPLE VERBO TO BE (STRUTTURA)

1.	Past Simple	to be
infinitive	past simple	past participle
to be = essere, stare	was/were = ero, stavo fui, stetti	been = stato

Forma Positiva	
I	was
you	were
he	was
we	were
you	were
they	were

Forma Interrogativa	
was	I ?
were	you ?
was	he ?
were	we ?
were	you ?
were	they ?

Forma Negativa		
I	was	not
you	were	not
he	was	not
we	were	not
you	were	not
they	were	not

Forma Contratta	
I	wasn't
you	weren't
he	wasn't
we	weren't
you	weren't
they	weren't

2) LISTA PARADIGMI VERBI IRREGOLARI

Irregular verbs

Base form	Past simple	Past participle	Base form	Past simple	Past participle
be	was/were	been	let	let	let
become	became	become	lose	lost	lost
begin	began	begun	make	made	made
bite	bit	bitten	mean	meant	meant
blow	blew	blown, blowed	meet	met	met
break	broke	broken	pay	paid	paid
bring	brought	brought	put	put	put
build	built	built	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
burn	burnt, burned	burnt, burned	ride	rode	ridden
buy	bought	bought	ring	rang	rung
catch	caught	caught	run	ran	run
choose	chose	chosen	say	said	said
come	came	come	see	saw	seen
cost	cost	cost	sell	sold	sold
cut	cut	cut	send	sent	sent
do	did	done	set	set	set
draw	drew	drawn	shine	shone	shone
drink	drank	drunk	show	showed	shown, showed
drive	drove	driven	shut	shut	shut
eat	ate	eaten	sing	sang	sung
fall	fell	fallen	sit	sat	sat
feed	fed	fed	sleep	slept	slept
feel	felt	felt	smell	smelt, smelled	smelt, smelled
fight	fought	fought	speak	spoke	spoken
find	found	found	spell	spelt, spelled	spelt, spelled
fly	flew	flown	spend	spent	spent
forget	forgot	forgotten	spin	spun	spun
forgive	forgave	forgiven	spread	spread	spread
get	got	got	stand	stood	stood
give	gave	given	steal	stole	stolen
go	went	gone	swim	swam	swum
grow	grew	grown	take	took	taken
have	had	had	teach	taught	taught
hear	heard	heard	tell	told	told
hit	hit	hit	think	thought	thought
hold	held	held	throw	threw	thrown
hurt	hurt	hurt	understand	understood	understood
keep	kept	kept	wake	woke	woken
know	knew	known	wear	wore	worn
learn	learnt, learned	learnt, learned	win	won	won
leave	left	left	write	wrote	written

3-4) PAST SIMPLE VERBI REGOLARI ED IRREGOLARI (STRUTTURA)



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IL SIMPLE PAST

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FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA
<p>SOGGETTO +</p> <p>VERBO +</p> <p>RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Se il verbo è regolare devo aggiungere -ed (watch → watched) Se il verbo è irregolare devo guardare la 2° colonna dei paradigmi 	<p>SOGGETTO +</p> <p>DIDN'T +</p> <p>VERBO +</p> <p>RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <p>Il verbo rimane alla forma base del presente !</p>	<p>DID +</p> <p>SOGGETTO +</p> <p>VERBO +</p> <p>RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <p>Il verbo rimane alla forma base del presente !</p>
<p>Esempio:</p> <p>I watched TV</p> <p>Bob wrote a letter</p>	<p>Esempio:</p> <p>I didn't watch TV</p> <p>Bob didn't write a letter</p>	<p>Esempio:</p> <p>Did you watch TV ?</p> <p>Did Bob write a letter ?</p>

SVOLGI I SEGUENTI ESERCIZI E CONSEGNA AD INIZIO ANNO FORMATIVO

Past simple dei verbi regolari – forma affermativa



I visited London.
You liked the film.
Marion studied German at school.
We stopped at the traffic lights.
They travelled to Scotland.

Osserva gli esempi e completa.

- Il **Past simple** dei verbi regolari si forma aggiungendo _____ alla forma base del verbo.
- Se un verbo termina in **-e** si aggiunge _____.
- Se un verbo termina in **-y** preceduta da _____, si cambia la **-y** in _____ prima di aggiungere **-ed**.
- Se un verbo di una sola sillaba termina in _____ preceduta da una sola vocale, si _____ la consonante finale.
- Alcuni verbi di _____ sillabe, come **travel**, raddoppiano la consonante finale.



1 Scrivi il Past simple dei seguenti verbi.

- live _____
- carry _____
- play _____
- sunbathe _____
- laugh _____
- want _____
- carry _____
- rob _____
- hate _____
- stay _____

2 Completa le frasi con il Past simple dei verbi dati tra parentesi.



- 1 People _____ (look) for Tut's tomb for 3,000 years.
- 2 I _____ (study) French yesterday.
- 3 We _____ (watch) an interesting programme last night.
- 4 Mark _____ (stop) the car in front of the post-office.
- 5 My parents _____ (arrive) at half past six.
- 6 Alison _____ (walk) to school.
- 7 Charles and Wendy _____ (dance) at the party.
- 8 We _____ (hurry) back home.

3 Completa le frasi con il Past simple dei verbi dati nel riquadro.

carry cook like live open
play start tidy travel wait

- 1 We _____ to Liverpool last Saturday.
- 2 The girl _____ the door.
- 3 She _____ a big bag.
- 4 They _____ in a castle.
- 5 Jason and Martin _____ tennis yesterday.
- 6 Mark _____ an omelette for lunch.
- 7 I really _____ the party.
- 8 We _____ for Susan because she was late.
- 9 The film _____ at half past seven.
- 10 Frank _____ his room.

Past simple dei verbi irregolari – forma affermativa

I **woke up** at half past seven.


You **woke up** at seven.

He/she/it **woke up** at half past eight.

We **woke up** at half past six.

They **woke up** at nine.

Osserva gli esempi e rispondi.

- Come si forma il **Past simple** dei verbi irregolari?
- Il verbo cambia per le varie persone? 

1 Abbina ogni verbo al suo *Past simple*.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1 see | a ate |
| 2 go | b got up |
| 3 say | c had |
| 4 eat | d put |
| 5 get up | e said |
| 6 sit | f sat |
| 7 have | g woke |
| 8 put | h saw |
| 9 speak | i spoke |
| 10 wake | j went |

2 Trasforma le frasi al *Past simple*.

- Giorgia does her homework.

- We wake up at seven o'clock.

- Michael writes a letter.

- They sell the diamonds in London.

- The dog runs back home.

- Mr Dean hides a box in the tree.

- My friends bring a present.

- Tom makes his bed.

- Michael comes to my party.

- They find a key in the box.

Past simple – forma negativa

We worked.

We ~~didn't~~ work.



I **didn't** study.

You **didn't** like the film.

Peter **didn't** go to London.

We **didn't** watch a film.

They **didn't** travel to Scotland.

Osserva gli esempi e completa.

La forma negativa di tutte le persone del **Past simple** dei verbi regolari e irregolari si costruisce con: soggetto + _____ + forma _____ del verbo.



Past simple – forma interrogativa e risposte brevi

Do we work ?



Did you **study** English?

Yes, I **did**./No, I **didn't**.

Did Ben **buy** a present?

Yes, he **did**./No, he **didn't**.

Did we **arrive** late?

Yes, we **did**./No, we **didn't**.

Did they **fly** to Scotland?

Yes, they **did**./No, they **didn't**.

Osserva gli esempi e rispondi.

- Come si costruisce la forma interrogativa del **Past simple** dei verbi regolari e irregolari?
- Come si formano le risposte brevi affermative?
- Come si formano le risposte brevi negative?



1 Abbina ogni forma affermativa con la corrispondente forma negativa.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1 I woke up | a I didn't bring |
| 2 I hurried | b I didn't do |
| 3 I saw | c I didn't have |
| 4 I had | d I didn't hurry |
| 5 I stopped | e I didn't see |
| 6 I sat | f I didn't sit |
| 7 I worked | g I didn't stay |
| 8 I did | h I didn't stop |
| 9 I brought | i I didn't wake up |
| 10 I stayed | j I didn't work |

2 Volgi le frasi in forma negativa.

- 1 We stayed in a nice hotel.

- 2 My parents flew to London.

- 3 Mark and Susan watched a DVD.

- 4 Carla ate a sandwich for lunch.

- 5 Peter bought two video games.

- 6 My father worked last weekend.

- 7 Neil went to school yesterday.

- 8 I woke up at half past six.

2 Formula domande. Dai risposte brevi affermativo (✓) o negativo (✗).

- 1 You/do/homework/yesterday? (✓)

- 2 Michael/call/you? (✗)

- 3 Barbara/have/shower this morning? (✓)

- 4 Your parents/go out/last night? (✓)

- 5 Charles/play/tennis/with Daniel? (✗)

- 6 You/like/the present? (✓)

- 7 Alan and Wendy/buy/big house? (✗)

- 8 Caroline/come/your party? (✗)

- 9 You/meet/your friends/last weekend? (✓)

- 10 Stewart and Anna/visit/grandparents/Sunday? (✗)

