

LINGUA INGLESE

CLASSE 2LOMU

Nelle seguenti pagine troverai alcune tabelle e degli esercizi di ripasso da svolgere.

I macro argomenti sono:

- 1) PAST SIMPLE DEL VERBO "TO BE"
- 2) LISTA PARADIGMI VERBI IRREGOLARI
- 3) PAST SIMPLE DI VERBI REGOLARI
- 4) PAST SIMPLE DI VERBI IRREGOLARI

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1. PAST SIMPLE VERBO TO BE (STRUTTURA)

1.	Past Simple	to be
infinitive	past simple	past participle
to be = essere, stare	was/were = ero, stavo fui, stetti	been = stato

Forma Positiva	Forma Interrogativa
I was	was I ?
you were	were you ?
he was	was he ?
we were	were we ?
you were	were you ?
they were	were they ?

Forma Negativa	Forma Contratta
I was not	I wasn't
you were not	you weren't
he was not	he wasn't
we were not	we weren't
you were not	you weren't
they were not	they weren't

2) LISTA PARADIGMI VERBI IRREGOLARI

Irregular verbs

Base form	Past simple	Past participle
be	was/were	been
become	became	become
begin	began	begun
bite	bit	bitten
blow	blew	blown, blowed
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
build	built	built
burn	burnt, burned	burnt, burned
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feed	fed	fed
feel	felt	felt
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
forget	forgot	forgotten
forgive	forgave	forgiven
get	got	got
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
grow	grew	grown
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hit	hit	hit
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known
learn	learnt, learned	learnt, learned
leave	left	left

Base form	Past simple	Past participle
let	let	let
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid
put	put	put
read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
ride	rode	ridden
ring	rang	rung
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
set	set	set
shine	shone	shone
show	showed	shown, showed
shut	shut	shut
sing	sang	sung
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
smell	smelt, smelled	smelt, smelled
speak	spoke	spoken
spell	spelt, spelled	spelt, spelled
spend	spent	spent
spin	spun	spun
spread	spread	spread
stand	stood	stood
steal	stole	stolen
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
understand	understood	understood
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written

3-4) PAST SIMPLE VERBI REGOLARI ED IRREGOLARI (STRUTTURA)



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IL SIMPLE PAST

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FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA
<p>SOGGETTO + VERBO + RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Se il verbo è regolare devo aggiungere -ed (watch → watched) Se il verbo è irregolare devo guardare la 2° colonna dei paradigmi 	<p>SOGGETTO + DIDN'T + VERBO + RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <p>Il verbo rimane alla forma base del presente !</p>	<p>DID + SOGGETTO + VERBO + RESTO DELLA FRASE</p> <p>N.B.</p> <p>Il verbo rimane alla forma base del presente !</p>
<p>Esempio:</p> <p>I watched TV</p> <p>Bob wrote a letter</p>	<p>Esempio:</p> <p>I didn't watch TV</p> <p>Bob didn't write a letter</p>	<p>Esempio:</p> <p>Did you watch TV ?</p> <p>Did Bob write a letter ?</p>

A) SVOLGI I SEGUENTI ESERCIZI E CONSEGNA AD INIZIO ANNO FORMATIVO

Past simple dei verbi regolari – forma affermativa



I visited London.
 You liked the film.
 Marion studied German at school.
 We stopped at the traffic lights.
 They travelled to Scotland.

Osserva gli esempi e completa.

- Il **Past simple** dei verbi regolari si forma aggiungendo _____ alla forma base del verbo.
- Se un verbo termina in **-e** si aggiunge _____.
- Se un verbo termina in **-y** preceduta da _____, si cambia la **-y** in _____ prima di aggiungere **-ed**.
- Se un verbo di una sola sillaba termina in _____ preceduta da una sola vocale, si _____ la consonante finale.
- Alcuni verbi di _____ sillabe, come **travel**, raddoppiano la consonante finale.



1 Scrivi il Past simple dei seguenti verbi.

- | | |
|------------|-------|
| 1 live | _____ |
| 2 carry | _____ |
| 3 play | _____ |
| 4 sunbathe | _____ |
| 5 laugh | _____ |
| 6 want | _____ |
| 7 carry | _____ |
| 8 rob | _____ |
| 9 hate | _____ |
| 10 stay | _____ |

2 Completa le frasi con il Past simple dei verbi dati tra parentesi.



- 1 People _____ (look) for Tut's tomb for 3,000 years.
- 2 I _____ (study) French yesterday.
- 3 We _____ (watch) an interesting programme last night.
- 4 Mark _____ (stop) the car in front of the post-office.
- 5 My parents _____ (arrive) at half past six.
- 6 Alison _____ (walk) to school.
- 7 Charles and Wendy _____ (dance) at the party.
- 8 We _____ (hurry) back home.

3 Completa le frasi con il Past simple dei verbi dati nel riquadro.

carry cook like live open
 play start tidy travel wait

- 1 We _____ to Liverpool last Saturday.
- 2 The girl _____ the door.
- 3 She _____ a big bag.
- 4 They _____ in a castle.
- 5 Jason and Martin _____ tennis yesterday.
- 6 Mark _____ an omelette for lunch.
- 7 I really _____ the party.
- 8 We _____ for Susan because she was late.
- 9 The film _____ at half past seven.
- 10 Frank _____ his room.

Past simple dei verbi irregolari – forma affermativa

I **woke up** at half past seven.


You **woke up** at seven.

He/she/it **woke up** at half past eight.

We **woke up** at half past six.

They **woke up** at nine.

Osserva gli esempi e rispondi.

- Come si forma il **Past simple** dei verbi irregolari?
- Il verbo cambia per le varie persone? ➡ 

1 Abbina ogni verbo al suo *Past simple*.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1 see | a ate |
| 2 go | b got up |
| 3 say | c had |
| 4 eat | d put |
| 5 get up | e said |
| 6 sit | f sat |
| 7 have | g woke |
| 8 put | h saw |
| 9 speak | i spoke |
| 10 wake | j went |

2 Trasforma le frasi al *Past simple*.

- 1 Giorgia does her homework.

- 2 We wake up at seven o'clock.

- 3 Michael writes a letter.

- 4 They sell the diamonds in London.

- 5 The dog runs back home.

- 6 Mr Dean hides a box in the tree.

- 7 My friends bring a present.

- 8 Tom makes his bed.

- 9 Michael comes to my party.

- 10 They find a key in the box.

Past simple – forma negativa

We worked.

We ~~didn't~~ work.



I **didn't** study.

You **didn't** like the film.

Peter **didn't** go to London.

We **didn't** watch a film.

They **didn't** travel to Scotland.

Osserva gli esempi e completa.

La forma negativa di tutte le persone del **Past simple** dei verbi regolari e irregolari si costruisce con: soggetto + _____ + forma _____ del verbo.

4

Past simple – forma interrogativa e risposte brevi

Do we work ?



Did you **study** English?

Yes, I **did**./No, I **didn't**.

Did Ben **buy** a present?

Yes, he **did**./No, he **didn't**.

Did we **arrive** late?

Yes, we **did**./No, we **didn't**.

Did they **fly** to Scotland?

Yes, they **did**./No, they **didn't**.

Osserva gli esempi e rispondi.

- Come si costruisce la forma interrogativa del **Past simple** dei verbi regolari e irregolari?
- Come si formano le risposte brevi affermative?
- Come si formano le risposte brevi negative?

4

1 Abbina ogni forma affermativa con la corrispondente forma negativa.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1 I woke up | a I didn't bring |
| 2 I hurried | b I didn't do |
| 3 I saw | c I didn't have |
| 4 I had | d I didn't hurry |
| 5 I stopped | e I didn't see |
| 6 I sat | f I didn't sit |
| 7 I worked | g I didn't stay |
| 8 I did | h I didn't stop |
| 9 I brought | i I didn't wake up |
| 10 I stayed | j I didn't work |

2 Volgi le frasi in forma negativa.

- 1 We stayed in a nice hotel.

- 2 My parents flew to London.

- 3 Mark and Susan watched a DVD.

- 4 Carla ate a sandwich for lunch.

- 5 Peter bought two video games.

- 6 My father worked last weekend.

- 7 Neil went to school yesterday.

- 8 I woke up at half past six.

2 Formula domande. Dai risposte brevi affermativo (✓) o negativo (✗).

- 1 You/do/homework/yesterday? (✓)

- 2 Michael/call/you? (✗)

- 3 Barbara/have/shower this morning? (✓)

- 4 Your parents/go out/last night? (✓)

- 5 Charles/play/tennis/with Daniel? (✗)

- 6 You/like/the present? (✓)

- 7 Alan and Wendy/buy/big house? (✗)

- 8 Caroline/come/your party? (✗)

- 9 You/meet/your friends/last weekend? (✓)

- 10 Stewart and Anna/visit/grandparents/Sunday? (✗)

